## Long Term Geography Plan

| Geography at a glance at Eastfield Primary School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| EYFS | Fieldwork - My Local Area | The Stick Man Weather | Traditional Tales - China | Traditional Tales - Weather | Handa's Surprise <br> - Africa | Three Little Pigs Weather |
| Year 1 | Our Local Area |  | The Weather |  |  | Bridlington-a Coastal Town |
| Year 2 | The United Kingdom |  | London - The Capital city of England |  |  | Australia |
| Year 3 | From Farm to Fork |  |  | How Mountains are Formed | Volcanoes and Earthquakes |  |
| Year 4 |  | Settlements and Land Use |  | Locating Counties and Cities of The United Kingdom |  | Rivers and the Water Cycle |
| Year 5 |  | Economic Activity Including Trade Links |  | South America Climate Zones, Biomes and Vegetation Belts | Planet Earth |  |
| Year 6 |  |  | A Comparison of Regions in the United Kingdom, Europe and North America |  | A Study of the distribution of Natural Resources |  |

## Geography at Eastfield Primary

## Understanding the World

The children will have a range of opportunities to explore each of these objectives with a range of materials and opportunities throughout the continuous provision and in the natural environment by completing both adult-led and child-initiated activities.

As well as the units below, EYFS will be looking at weather and recording it at different seasons that change throughout the year. They will also look at how the seasons effect the natural world around us. As practitioners we will guide children's understanding by draw children's attention to the weather and seasonal features and provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather and we will incorporate the children's understanding of the seasons and weather in their play.

## Fieldwork

The children will focus on the local area and will walk around the school grounds.
Children will know:
I know about the features of my own immediate environment
I know the name of the city the school is located in.
I know that aerial maps are taken from above like a birds-eye view and can comment on simple features. I know that aerial maps are taken from above like a birds-eye view and can comment on simple features.

## Autumn 2

## The Stick Man

The children will look at hot and cold weather and environments.
Children will know:
I know about the signs of autumn/winter and the associated weather.
I know environments vary from one another.
I know that places have very cold environments.

## Place and Location Knowledge

 The children will look China / Asia whilst discussing Chinese New Year. During their Traditional Tales in English, the children will look at a variety of homes around the world. Children will know:I know environments and homes vary from one another.
I know about similarities and differences between places e.g. countryside and town and drawing on my experiences and what has been read in class.
I know about the signs of spring and the associated weather.
I know that in China they celebrate Chinese New Year.
I know that I live in England.
I know that China is another country far away.

## Place and Location Knowledge

 Handa's SurpriseThe children will look at the fruit grown in Africa. Children will know:
I know how to use and draw information from a simple map.
I know how to make simple maps of imaginary communities using a variety of construction resources. I know some similarities and differences between life in England and life in Africa, drawing on knowledge from Handa.

## Three Little Pigs

The children will look at materials that are man-made and natural.
I know that some things in the world are man-made, and some things are natural.

I know about the signs of summer and the associated weather e.g. and now identify the differences and similarities between the seasons e.g. in the summer it gets hot and sunny; that I need to find the shady areas when outside and wear appropriate clothing, and in the winter, it is cold and may snow.

| Big Concepts <br> Place, Space | Big Concepts <br> Place, Space, Cultural <br> Awareness, Cultural Diversity | Big Concepts <br> Place, Space, Cultural Awareness, Cultural <br> Diversity |
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| Early Learning Goal <br> People, culture and communities. <br> The children will be able to explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non- <br> fiction texts and maps. <br> The Natural World <br> Children will know similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been <br> read in class. <br> Children will understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter. |  |  |


| Year 1 | Our Local Area <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map <br> - use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key - use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. <br> Human and physical geography <br> - use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: <br> key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, sea, ocean, river, <br> key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop | The Weather <br> Human and physical geography <br> - identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles <br> Geographical skills and <br> fieldwork <br> - use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. | Bridlington - a coastal town <br> Place knowledge <br> - understand geographical <br> similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom <br> Human and physical geography - use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: <br> key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, sea, ocean, river, key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop |
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|  | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale | Big Concepts <br> Physical and Human Processes | Big Concepts <br> Place, Space, Physical and Human Processes, Interdependence |


| Year 2 | The United Kingdom <br> Locational knowledge <br> - name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage | London - The capital city of England <br> Place knowledge <br> - understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom <br> Human and physical geography <br> - use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: <br> key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, sea, ocean, river, key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop | Australia <br> Locational knowledge <br> - name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans <br> Place knowledge <br> - understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting nonEuropean country <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage <br> Human and physical geography <br> -identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale, Physical and Human Processes | Big Concepts <br> Place, Space, Scale, Cultural Awareness, Cultural Diversity |


| Year 3 | From Farm to Fork <br> Human and physical geography |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | - describe and understand key aspects of: <br> - human geography, including: the distribution of <br> natural resources including energy, food, minerals <br> and water <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer <br> mapping to locate countries and describe features <br> studied <br> - use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and <br> present the human and physical features in the local <br> area using a range of methods, including sketch <br> maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. |
| Environmental Impact, Sustainable <br> Development |  |

## How Mountains are Formed

 Human and physical geography describe and understand key aspects of: - physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycleGeographical skills and fieldwork - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied
Locational Knowledge
-locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities

## Big Concepts

Physical and Human Processes

## Volcanoes and Earthquakes

 Human and physical geography describe and understand key aspects of: - physical geography, including: volcanoes and earthquakes Geographical skills and fieldwork - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Locational Knowledge-locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities

Big Concepts
Physical and Human Processes

| Year 4 | Locating Counties and Cities of the United Kingdom <br> Locational knowledge <br> - name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied <br> - use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world | Settlements and Land Use <br> Human and physical geography <br> - describe and understand key aspects of: <br> - human geography, including: types of settlement and land use <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world | Rivers and the Water Cycle <br> Human and physical geography <br> describe and understand key aspects of: - physical geography, including: rivers and the water cycle <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world |
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|  | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale, Interdependence | Big Concepts Environmental Impact | Big Concepts <br> Physical and Human Processes, Environmental Impact |


| Year 5 | Economic Activity Including Trade Links <br> Human and physical geography <br> - describe and understand key aspects of: <br> - human geography, including: economic activity including trade links <br> Geographical skills and fieldwork <br> - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world | South America <br> Climates Zones, Biomes and Vegetation Belts <br> Locational knowledge <br> - locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities <br> Place knowledge <br> - understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America <br> Human and physical geography <br> describe and understand key aspects of: <br> - physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts | Planet Earth <br> Locational knowledge - identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night) |
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|  | Big Concepts Interdependence, Sustainable development | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale, Physical and Human Processes, Cultural Awareness | Big Concepts Place, Space, Scale, |



## A Comparison of Regions in the United Kingdom, Europe and North America <br> Human and physical geography

 -describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cyclePlace knowledge
-understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America

> Locational knowledge

- locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities

Geographical skills and fieldwork

- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

A study of the distribution of natural resources
Human and physical geography

- describe and understand key aspects of:
- human geography, including: the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water


## Geographical skills and fieldwork

- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world

Locational knowledge

- locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities

Big Concepts
Sustainable Development, Interdependence

